

1. Identification

Product Name:	Duracoat RHS Sealer
Other Names:	
Recommended use:	Floor sealer for brush or roller application
Supplier:	Uroxsys Ltd
Street Address:	2 Stonedon Drive, East Tamaki, Auckland
Telephone Number:	+64 9 2740808 (8.00am to 5.00pm, Monday to Friday)
Emergency Telephone:	After hours phone CHEMCALL 0800 243622 (or +64 4 9179888)
National Poison Information Centre	0800 POISON (764766)
Date of issue	1 st September 2022

2. Hazards identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture:

Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: 2020 Transport of Dangerous Goods.



Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Skin Irritation - Category 2, Eye Irritation - Category 2, Sensitisation - Respiratory - Category 1, Sensitisation - Skin - Category 1 Carcinogenicity - Category 2, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3, Respiratory Tract Irritation Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3 Narcotic Effects Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 2

EPA Approval: HSR002669 Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020 3.1C, 6.1E(I), 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.5A, 6.5B, 6.7B, 6.9B

Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.H315 Causes skin irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements – Prevention:

This product must not be sprayed.

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P103: Read label before use.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all other equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.

P264 Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Precautionary Statements – Response:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P304+P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing.

Precautionary Statements – Storage:

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405: Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements – Disposal:

P501: Do not let product enter the environment. Do not dispose of in waterways or sewers. Unwanted product should be brushed out on newspaper, allowed to cure and then disposed of via domestic waste collection. Empty containers should be left open in a well-ventilated area to cure. When cured, recycle the container via recycling programs. Disposal of empty paint containers via domestic recycling programs may differ between local authorities. Check with your local council first.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Material	CAS No:	Content %
Aromatic hydrocarbon solvent	64742-95-6	40 - 60%
Polymeric MDI copolymer	53862-89-8	40 - 50%
1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate	108-65-6	10 - 15%
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	9016-87-9	5 - 10%
Diphenyl methane diisocyanate MDI	101-68-8	5 - 10%
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous or		balance
below reporting limits		

4. First-aid measures

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre Phone 0800 764 766.

Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth with water. Seek
Inhalation:	immediate medical assistance. If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
	for breathing. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel
	unwell.
Skin Contact:	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse
	skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye Contact:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical
	advice/attention
Notes to physician:	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from combustion:	On burning may emit toxic fumes including those of carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, isocyanate vapours and hydrogen cyanide.
Fire-fighting advice:	Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder)
Hazchem Code	3[Y]

6. Accidental release measures

Emergency procedures: Methods for containment & clean up:	If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services. Quickly wipe up material before it cures, with cloth or absorbent paper avoiding skin contact. Uncured material will dissolve in 50:50 a mixture of acetone and meths. Cured material can only be removed by abrasion.
For large spills:	Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and inhalation of vapours. Scrape up material before it cures. Collect in

properly labeled containers and seal once product has hardened. Wash area down with excess water. Cured material can only be removed by abrasion.

7. Handling and storage

Handling advice:	Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour. This product must not be heated or sprayed. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. All potential sources of ignition must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke. Flameproof equipment is necessary in all areas where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Storage advice:	Store in a cool place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from acids, alcohols, oxidizing agents, moisture and sources of heat or ignition. Keep dry, reacts with water; may lead to drum rupture. Keep containers closed at all times, check regularly for leaks.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational Exposure Limits:	No value assigned for this specific material by Worksafe NZ. However, NZ Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s): Isocyanates, all (as-NCO): TWA 0.02 mg/m ³ ; STEL 0.07 mg/m ³ . These values apply to all isocyanates, including prepolymers, present in the workplace air as vapours, mist or dust.
Engineering Control Measures:	Ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Exposure Standards. Keep containers closed when not in use. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected.
Personal Protective Equipment:	Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Viscous liquid
Solubility:	Insoluble in water. Soluble in organic solvents.
Specific Gravity:	1.0-1.02
Flash Point (°C):	45°C
Flammability Limits (%):	0.8-6.0
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	155-174
Colour	Pale yellow

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid contact with foodstuffs. Avoid exposure to heat, sources of
	ignition and open flame. Reacts with moisture
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

11. Toxicological information

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and central nervous system depression. If
C	the victim is showing signs of central system depression (like those of drunkenness)
	there is greater likelihood of the patient breathing in vomit and causing damage to the
	lungs.
Eye contact:	An eye irritant.
Skin contact:	Contact with skin may result in irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritant contact dermatitis.
Inhalation:	Material may be irritant to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract (airways). May cause respiratory sensitization in sensitive individuals, producing asthma-like symptoms. Breathing in vapour can result in headaches, dizziness and possible nausea. Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of co-ordination, impaired judgment and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.
Long Term Effects:	No information available for the product. For the solvent evidence indicates that repeated or prolonged exposure to this chemical could result in central nervous system disorders.
Toxicological Data:	No LD50 data available for the product. The toxicity of the product may be attributed to the solvents it contains.
	Additive effects may occur with mixtures of solvents. Similar effects can occur where the consumption of alcohol is also involved. However, for constituent Aromatic hydrocarbon solvent: Oral LD50 (rat): 6800 mg/kg,
	Dermal LD50 (rabbit): 3400 mg/kg, Inhalation LC50 (rat): 1320 ppm/6 Hrs/90 days 1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate: Oral LD50 (rat) 8532mg/kg, Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 5000 mg/kg
	Isocyanic acid: Inhalation LC50 (rat) 490 mg/m3
	Diphenyl methane diisocyanate: Inhalation LC50 (rat) 369 mg/cu m/4hr, Oral LD50
	(mouse) 2200 mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Avoid contaminating waterways. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

For constituent

Aromatic hydrocarbon solvent: Acute toxicity – Fish:LL/EL/IL50: 1-10 mg/l, Algae:1-10mg/l, Aquatic invertebrates: 1-10 mg/l, microrganisms 10-100mg/l

1-methoxy-2-propyl acetate: Acute Toxicity – Fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 134 mg/l/96h Daphnia EC50 (Daphnia magna): 408 mg/l/48h, Algae ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): >1000 mg/l/96h

13. Disposal considerations

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Advise flammable nature. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor. Normally suitable for incineration by an approved agent.

Empty container:

Do not contaminate storm water with product or product washing. Do not pour product down the drain. Unwanted product should be brushed out on newspaper, allowed to cure and then disposed of via domestic waste collection. Empty containers should be left open in a well-ventilated area to cure. When cured, recycle the container via recycling programs. Disposal of empty paint containers via domestic recycling programs may differ between local authorities. Check with your local council first.

14. Transport information

Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: 2020 Transport of Dangerous Goods.



Road and Rail Transport Classified as Dangerous Goods by NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land. UN No: 1263 Class-primary 3 Flammable Liquid Packing Group: III Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Hazchem Code: 3[Y]

Marine Transport Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. UN No: 1263 Class-primary: 3 Flammable Liquid Packing Group: III Proper Shipping Name: PAINT

Air Transport Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air. UN No: 1263 Class-primary: 3 Flammable Liquid Packing Group: III Proper Shipping Name: PAINT

15. Regulatory information

EPA Approval: HSR002669

Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020

16. Other information

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Uroxsys Limited cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact Uroxsys Limited at the contact details on page 1.

While Uroxsys Ltd believes that the information contained herein is based on data considered accurate, no warranty or representation is expressed or implied for which Uroxsys Ltd assumes legal responsibility.

This version replaces all previous versions.

END OF SDS